

1. Let X, Y be topological vector spaces. Let $T : X \rightarrow Y$ be a linear map. Show that T is continuous if and only if it is bounded.

Solution: We can find the proof in the book of Walter Rudin, Functional Analysis, Theorem 1.32, page-24. □

2. Let X be a $L C T V S$. Let $K \subset X$ be a compact set. Show that K is totally bounded.

Solution: We can find the proof in the book of Walter Rudin, Functional Analysis, Theorem 3.20 part c, proof, page-72. □

3. Let X and Y be completely metrizable topological vector spaces. Let $T_n : X \rightarrow Y$ be a sequence of continuous linear maps such that $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} T_n(x)$ exists for all $x \in X$. Show that $T(x) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} T_n(x)$ is a bounded linear map.

Solution: We can find the proof in the book of Walter Rudin, Functional Analysis, Theorem 2.8, page-46. □

4. State and prove the Banach-Alaoglu theorem for topological vector spaces.

Solution: We can find the statement and proof in the book of Walter Rudin, Functional Analysis, Theorem 3.15, page-68. □

5. Let K be a compact convex set in a $L C T V S$, X . Let $F \subset K$ be an extreme, convex, closed set. Show that F has an extreme point of K .

Solution: We can find the proof in the book of Walter Rudin, Functional Analysis, Theorem 3.23, proof, page-75. □

6. Let X be a Banach space and (Ω, Σ, μ) a probability space. Let $f : \Omega \rightarrow X$ be a strongly μ -measurable function. Show that f is a.e separable valued.

Solution: We can find the proof in the book of Joseph Diestel and John Jerry Uhl, Vector Measures. Corollary 3, page-42. □

7. Let X and f be as in question 6. Suppose $\int_{\Omega} \|f(w)\| d\mu(w) \leq \infty$. Show that f is Bochner integrable.

Solution: We can find the proof in the book of Joseph Diestel and John Jerry Uhl, Vector Measures. Theorem 2, page-45. □

8. Let $f : [0, 1] \rightarrow C[0, 1]$ be a measurable function such that inverse image of a Borel set is Borel. Is f strongly measurable? Justify your answer.

Solution: Since $C[0, 1]$ is separable, strongly measurable and Borel measurable are equivalent. Therefore f is strongly measurable.

□

9. Let X be a Banach space and $f : [0, 1] \rightarrow X$ be a Bochner integrable function w.r.t the Lebesgue measure. Show that $\lim_{\lambda(E) \rightarrow 0} \int_E f d\lambda = 0$.

Solution: We can find the proof in the book of Joseph Diestel and John Jerry Uhl, Vector Measures. Theorem 4 (i), page-46.

□

10. State and prove the Pettis measurability theorem.

Solution: We can find the statement and proof in the book of Joseph Diestel and John Jerry Uhl, Vector Measures. Theorem 2, page-42.

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